













SGLS302G -MARCH 2005-REVISED MAY 2020

TL431-Q1 / TL432-Q1 Adjustable Precision Shunt Regulator

Features

- Qualified for automotive applications
- AEC-Q100 test guidance with the following:
 - Device temperature grade 1: –40°C to 125°C ambient operating temperature range
- Reference voltage tolerance at 25°C:
 - 1% (A Grade)
 - 0.5% (B Grade)
- Typical temperature drift:
 - 14 mV (Q Temp)
- Low output noise
- $0.2-\Omega$ Typical output impedance
- Sink-current capability: 1 mA to 100 mA
- Adjustable output voltage: V_{REF} to 36 V

Applications

- Adjustable voltage and current referencing
- Secondary side regulation in flyback SMPSs
- Zener replacement
- Voltage monitoring
- Comparator with integrated reference

3 Description

TL431LI-Q1 / TL432LI-Q1 are pin-to-pin alternatives to TL431-Q1 / TL432-Q1. TL43xLI-Q1 offers better stability, lower temperature (VI(dev)), and lower reference current (Iref) for improved system accuracy.

The TL431-Q1 is a three-pin adjustable shunt regulator with specified thermal stability applicable automotive temperature ranges. The output voltage can be set to any value from V_{REE} (approximately 2.5 V) to 36 V, with two external resistors (see Figure 28). This device has a typical output impedance of 0.2 Ω . Active output circuitry provides a sharp turnon characteristic, making this device an excellent replacement for Zener diodes in many applications, such as onboard regulation, adjustable power supplies, and switching power supplies.

The TL432-Q1 has exactly the same functionality and electrical specifications as the TL431-Q1 device, but has a different pinout for the DBZ package.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TL431A-Q1	SOT-23 (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm
TL43x-Q1	SOT-23 (3)	2.92 mm × 1.30 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Schematic

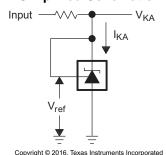




Table of Contents

1	Features 1		8.3 Feature Description	. 12
2	Applications 1		8.4 Device Functional Modes	. 12
3	Description 1	9	Application and Implementation	13
4	Revision History2		9.1 Application Information	. 13
5	Pin Configuration and Functions3		9.2 Typical Applications	. 13
6	Specifications4	10	Power Supply Recommendations	18
•	6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	11	Layout	18
	6.2 ESD Ratings		11.1 Layout Guidelines	. 18
	6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions		11.2 Layout Example	. 18
	6.4 Thermal Information	12	Device and Documentation Support	19
	6.5 Electrical Characteristics: TL43x-Q14		12.1 Documentation Support	. 19
	6.6 Electrical Characteristics: TL43xA-Q15		12.2 Related Links	. 19
	6.7 Electrical Characteristics: TL43xB-Q1 5		12.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates	19
	6.8 Typical Characteristics		12.4 Community Resources	. 19
7	Parameter Measurement Information		12.5 Trademarks	. 19
8	Detailed Description 11		12.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	. 19
•	8.1 Overview		12.7 Glossary	. 19
	8.2 Functional Block Diagram	13	Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information	19

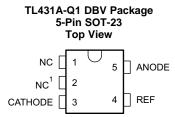
4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

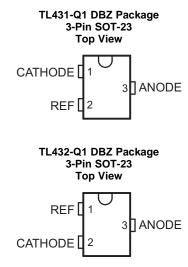
С	hanges from Revision F (July 2019) to Revision G Pag
•	Added RoC Cathode Current for TL431Ax-Q1 and TL431xB-Q1.
С	hanges from Revision E (November 2016) to Revision F
•	The TL431LI-Q1 / TL432LI-Q1 are pin-to-pin alternatives to TL431-Q1 / TL432-Q1. TL43xLI-Q1 offers better stability, lower temperature drift (VI(dev)), and lower reference current (Iref) for improved system accuracy
•	Merged the TL431-Q1 with the TL432-Q1 data sheet.
С	hanges from Revision D (March 2013) to Revision E
•	Added Applications section, Device Information table, Pin Configuration and Functions section, Specifications section, ESD Ratings table, Detailed Description section, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



(1) Pin 2 is connected internally to ANODE (die substrate) and must be left floating or connected to ANODE.



Pin Functions

	PIN				
NAME	TL431A-Q1	TL431-Q1	TL432-Q1	I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAIVIE	DBV	DBZ	DBZ		
ANODE	5	3	3	0	Common pin, normally connected to ground.
CATHODE	3	1	2	I/O	Shunt current or voltage input
NC	1, 2	_	_	_	No connection ⁽¹⁾
REF	4	2	1	I	Threshold relative to common anode

(1) Pin 2 of the 5-pin DBV (SOT-23) package is connected internally to ANODE (die substrate) and must be left floating or connected to ANODE.



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Cathode voltage ⁽²⁾		37	V	
Continuous cathode current	-100	150	mA	
	Low	-50		μA
Reference input current	High		10	mA
Operating junction temperature, T _J		150	°C	
Storage temperature, T _{stg}				°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	±2500	
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1000	V
		Machine model (MM)	±200	

⁽¹⁾ AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{KA}	Cathode voltage		V_{REF}	36	٧
I _{KA}	Cathode current	TL431x-Q1	1	100	mΑ
		TL431xA-Q1	0.7	100	mA
		TL431xB-Q1	0.7	100	mA
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	ů

6.4 Thermal Information

		TL43x-Q1			
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DBV (SOT-23)	DBZ (SOT-23)	UNIT	
		5 PINS	3 PINS		
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	215	334.7	°C/W	
R _θ JC(top)	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	135.2	113.5	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	43	67.6	°C/W	
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	19.6	6.7	°C/W	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	42.1	65.9	°C/W	

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics: TL43x-Q1

over recommended operating conditions, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{REF}	Reference voltage	V _{KA} = V _{REF} , I _{KA} = 10 mA, see Figure 20	2440	2495	2550	mV
V _{I(DEV)}	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature ⁽¹⁾	$V_{KA} = V_{REF}, I_{KA} = 10$ mA, $T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{C}$ to 125°C, see Figure 20		14	34	mV

⁽¹⁾ The deviation parameters (V_{I(DEV)} and I_{I(DEV)}) are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the recommended temperature range.

²⁾ Voltage values are with respect to the ANODE pin, unless otherwise noted.



Electrical Characteristics: TL43x-Q1 (continued)

over recommended operating conditions, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNIT
AV /AV	Ratio of change in reference voltage to the	I _{KA} = 10 mA,	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{REF}$		-1.4	-2.7	mV/V
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{KA}$	change in cathode voltage	see Figure 21	see Figure 21 $\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$		-1	-2	IIIV/V
I _{REF}	Reference current	I _{KA} = 10 mA, R1 = 10 k	I_{KA} = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞, see Figure 21		2	4	μA
I _{I(DEV)}	Deviation of reference current over full temperature ⁽¹⁾	$I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}, R1 = 10 \text{ k}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ s}$		0.8	2.5	μΑ	
I _{MIN}	Minimum cathode current for regulation	V _{KA} = V _{REF} , see Figure 20			0.4	1	mA
I _{OFF}	OFF-state cathode current	V _{KA} = 36 V, V _{REF} = 0, see Figure 22			0.1	1	μA
Z _{KA}	Dynamic impedance ⁽¹⁾	I _{KA} = 1 mA to 100 mA, see Figure 20	$I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100 \text{ mA}, V_{KA} = V_{REF}, f \le 1 \text{ kHz},$		0.2	0.5	Ω

6.6 Electrical Characteristics: TL43xA-Q1

over recommended operating conditions, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{REF}	Reference voltage	$V_{KA} = V_{REF}, I_{KA} = 1$	0 mA, see Figure 20	2470	2495	2520	mV
V _{I(DEV)}	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature ⁽¹⁾	V _{KA} = V _{REF} , I _{KA} = 1 see Figure 20	$V_{KA} = V_{REF}$, $I_{KA} = 10$ mA, $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C, see Figure 20		14	34	mV
AN/ /AN/	Ratio of change in reference voltage to the	I _{KA} = 10 mA,	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{REF}$		-1.4	-2.7	m)//\/
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{KA}$	change in cathode voltage	see Figure 21	$\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$		-1	-2	mV/V
I _{REF}	Reference current	I_{KA} = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞, see Figure 21			2	4	μΑ
I _{I(DEV)}	Deviation of reference current over full temperature ⁽¹⁾	$I_{KA} = 10$ mA, R1 = 10 k Ω , R2 = ∞ , $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C, see Figure 21			0.8	2.5	μΑ
I _{MIN}	Minimum cathode current for regulation	V _{KA} = V _{REF} , see Figure 20			0.4	0.7	mA
I _{OFF}	OFF-state cathode current	V _{KA} = 36 V, V _{REF} = 0, see Figure 22			0.1	0.5	μΑ
Z _{KA}	Dynamic impedance ⁽¹⁾	I _{KA} = 1 mA to 100 see Figure 20	mA, $V_{KA} = V_{REF}$, $f \le 1$ kHz,		0.2	0.5	Ω

⁽¹⁾ The deviation parameters (V_{I(DEV)} and I_{I(DEV)}) are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the recommended temperature range.

6.7 Electrical Characteristics: TL43xB-Q1

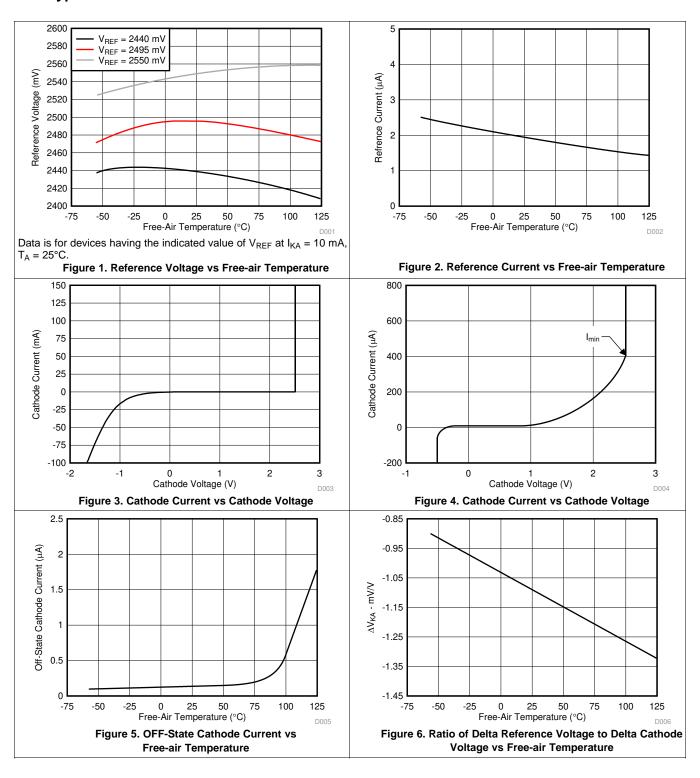
over recommended operating conditions, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{REF}	Reference voltage	$V_{KA} = V_{REF}, I_{KA} = 1$	0 mA, see Figure 20	2483	2495	2507	mV
V _{I(DEV)}	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature ⁽¹⁾	V _{KA} = V _{REF} , I _{KA} = 1 see Figure 20	$V_{KA} = V_{REF}$, $I_{KA} = 10$ mA, $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C, see Figure 20		14	34	mV
AN/ /AN/	Ratio of change in reference voltage to the	I _{KA} = 10 mA,	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{REF}$		-1.4	-2.7	>//\/
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{KA}$	change in cathode voltage	see Figure 21	$\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$		-1	-2	mV/V
I _{REF}	Reference current	I _{KA} = 10 mA, R1 =	10 kΩ, R2 = ∞, see Figure 21		2	4	μΑ
I _{I(DEV)}	Deviation of reference current over full temperature ⁽¹⁾	$I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}, R1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, R2 = \infty,$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ see Figure } 21$			8.0	2.5	μΑ
I _{MIN}	Minimum cathode current for regulation	V _{KA} = V _{REF} , see Fig	gure 20		0.4	0.7	mA
I _{OFF}	OFF-state cathode current	V _{KA} = 36 V, V _{REF} = 0, see Figure 22			0.1	0.5	μΑ
Z _{KA}	Dynamic impedance ⁽¹⁾	I _{KA} = 1 mA to 100 r see Figure 20	nA, $V_{KA} = V_{REF}$, $f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$,		0.2	0.5	Ω

⁽¹⁾ The deviation parameters ($V_{I(DEV)}$) and $I_{I(DEV)}$) are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the recommended temperature range.



6.8 Typical Characteristics

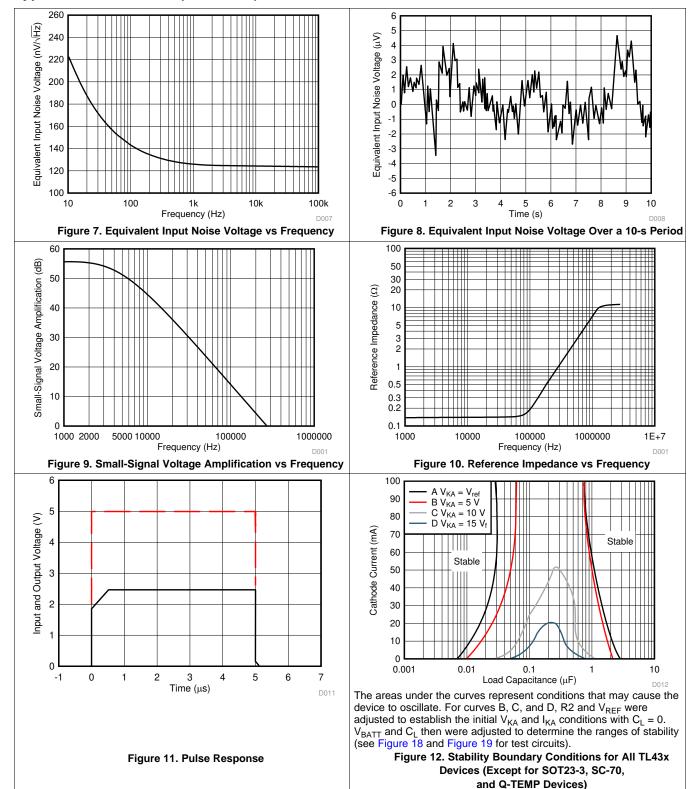


Submit Documentation Feedback

Copyright © 2005–2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated



Typical Characteristics (continued)

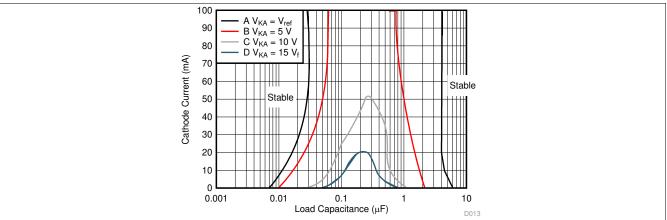


Copyright © 2005–2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Submit Documentation Feedback



Typical Characteristics (continued)



The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate. For curves B, C, and D, R2 and V_{REF} were adjusted to establish the initial V_{KA} and I_{KA} conditions with $C_L = 0$. V_{BATT} and C_L then were adjusted to determine the ranges of stability (see Figure 18 and Figure 19 for test circuits).

Figure 13. Stability Boundary Conditions for All TL43x, SOT-23, SC-70, and Q-TEMP Devices

Submit Documentation Feedback

Copyright © 2005–2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated



7 Parameter Measurement Information

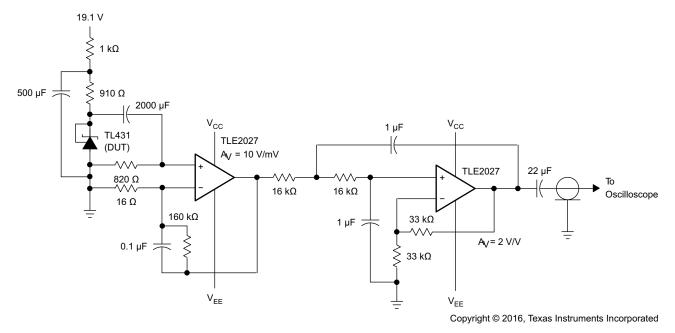


Figure 14. Test Circuit for Equivalent Input Noise Voltage

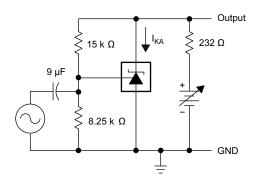


Figure 15. Test Circuit for Voltage Amplification

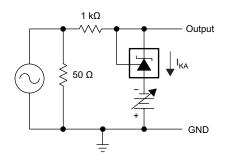


Figure 16. Test Circuit for Reference Impedance

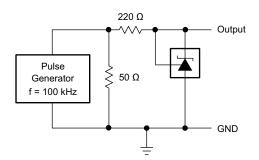


Figure 17. Test Circuit for Pulse Response

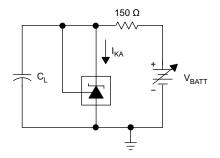


Figure 18. Test Circuit for Curve A



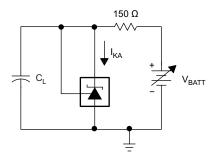


Figure 19. Test Circuit for Curves B, C, and D

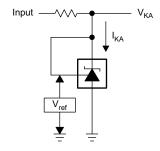


Figure 20. Test Circuit for $V_{KA} = V_{REF}$

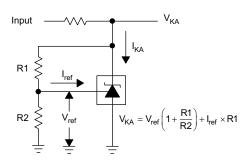


Figure 21. Test Circuit for $V_{KA} > V_{REF}$

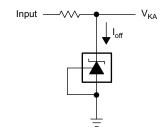


Figure 22. Test Circuit for I_{OFF}



8 Detailed Description

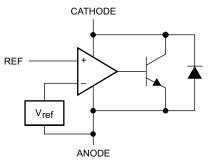
8.1 Overview

This device has proven ubiquity and versatility across a wide range of applications, ranging from power to signal path. This is due to its key components containing an accurate voltage reference and op amp, which are fundamental analog building blocks. The TL43x-Q1 can be used as a single voltage reference, error amplifier, voltage clamp, or comparator with integrated reference.

The TL43x-Q1 can be operated and adjusted to cathode voltages from 2.5 V to 36 V, making this part optimum for a wide range of end equipments in industrial, auto, telecommunications, and computing. For this device to behave as a shunt regulator or error amplifier, at least 1 mA ($I_{MIN(MAX)}$) must be supplied to the cathode pin. Under this condition, feedback can be applied from the CATHODE and REF pins to create a replica of the internal reference voltage.

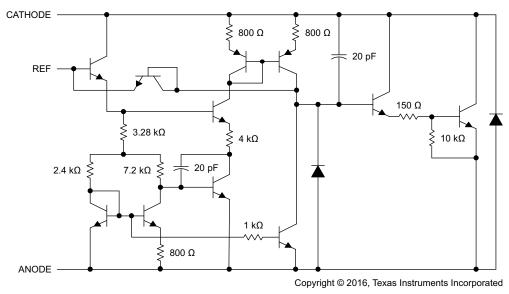
Various reference voltage options can be purchased with initial tolerances (at 25°C) of 0.5% and 1%. These reference options are denoted by B (0.5%) or A (1%) in the part number (TL431x-Q1).

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Figure 23. Equivalent Schematic



All component values are nominal.

Figure 24. Detailed Schematic



8.3 Feature Description

The TL43x-Q1 consists of an internal reference and amplifier that outputs a sink current based on the difference between the reference pin and the virtual internal pin. The sink current is produced by the internal Darlington pair, shown in Figure 24. A Darlington pair is used to allow this device to sink a maximum current of 100 mA.

When operated with enough voltage headroom (at least 2.5 V) and cathode current (I_{KA}), the TL43x-Q1 forces the reference pin to 2.5 V. However, the reference pin can not be left floating, as I_{REF} must be at least 4 μ A (see *Specifications*). This is because the reference pin is driven into an NPN, which requires base current to operate properly.

When feedback is applied from the CATHODE and REF pins, the TL43x-Q1 behaves as a Zener diode, regulating to a constant voltage dependent on current being supplied into the cathode. This is due to the internal amplifier and reference entering the proper operating regions. The same amount of current required in the above feedback situation must be applied to this device in open loop, servo, or error amplifying implementations for it to be in the proper linear region giving the device enough gain.

Unlike many linear regulators, the TL43x-Q1 is internally compensated to be stable without an output capacitor between the cathode and anode. However, if it is desired to use an output capacitor Figure 24 can be used as a guide to assist in choosing the correct capacitor to maintain stability.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Open Loop (Comparator)

When the cathode or output voltage or current of the TL43x-Q1 is not being fed back to the reference or input pin in any form, the device operates in open loop. With proper cathode current (I_{KA}) applied to this device, the TL43x-Q1 has the characteristics shown in Figure 24. With such high gain in this configuration, the device is typically used as a comparator. The integrated reference makes TL43x the prefered choice when trying to monitor a certain level of a single signal for applications such as undervoltage and overvoltage detection.

When designing with open loop mode, it is important to ensure that the I_{REF} not violate 10mA. For design recommendations and considerations for open loop mode look into Using the TL431 for Undervoltage and Overvoltage Detection.

8.4.2 Closed Loop

When the cathode or output voltage or current of the TL43x-Q1 is being fed back to the reference or input pin in any form, the device operates in closed loop. The majority of applications involving the TL43x-Q1 use it in this manner to regulate a fixed voltage or current. The feedback enables this device to behave as an error amplifier, computing a portion of the output voltage and adjusting it to maintain the desired regulation. This is done by relating the output voltage back to the reference pin in a manner to make it equal to the internal reference voltage, which can be accomplished through resistive or direct feedback.

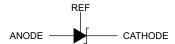


Figure 25. Logic Symbol



9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

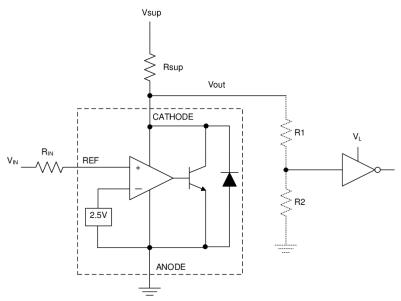
9.1 Application Information

As this device has many applications and setups, there are many situations that this data sheet can not characterize in detail. The linked application notes help the make the best choices when using this part.

Understanding Stability Boundary Conditions Charts in TL431, TL432 Data Sheet provides a deeper understanding of this devices stability characteristics and aid the user in making the right choices when choosing a load capacitor. Setting the Shunt Voltage on an Adjustable Shunt Regulator assists designers in setting the shunt voltage to achieve optimum accuracy for this device.

9.2 Typical Applications

9.2.1 Comparator Application



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Figure 26. Comparator Application Schematic

Product Folder Links: TL431-Q1 TL432-Q1

Copyright © 2005-2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated



Typical Applications (continued)

9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1 as the input parameters.

Table 1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE				
Input voltage	0 V to 5 V				
Input resistance	10 kΩ				
Supply voltage	24 V				
Cathode current, I _K	5 mA				
Output voltage level	Approximately 2 V to V _{SUP}				
Logic input thresholds, V _{IH} / V _{IL}	V_{L}				

9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When using the TL43x-Q1 as a comparator with reference, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
- Reference voltage accuracy
- · Output logic input high and low level thresholds
- Current source resistance

9.2.1.2.1 Basic Operation

In the configuration shown in Figure 26 the TL43x-Q1 behaves as a comparator, comparing the REF pin voltage to the internal virtual reference voltage. When provided a proper cathode current (I_{KA}), the TL43x-Q1 has enough open loop gain to provide a quick response. This is shown in Figure 27, where the $R_{SUP} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ($I_{KA} = 500 \text{ µA}$) situation responds much slower than $R_{SUP} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ($I_{KA} = 5 \text{ mA}$). With the TL43x-Q1's maximum operating current (I_{MIN}) being 1 mA, operation below that could result in low gain, leading to a slow response.

9.2.1.2.2 Overdrive

Slow or inaccurate responses can also occur when the reference pin is not provided enough overdrive voltage. This is the amount of voltage that is higher than the internal virtual reference. The internal virtual reference voltage is within the range of $2.5 \text{ V} \pm (0.5\%, 1\%, \text{ or } 1.5\%)$ depending on which version is being used. The more overdrive voltage provided, the faster the TL43x-Q1 responds.

For applications where the TL43x-Q1 is being used as a comparator, it is best to set the trip point to greater than the positive expected error (for example: +1% for the A version). For fast response, setting the trip point to at least 10% of the internal V_{REF} should suffice.

For minimal drop or difference from V_{INREF} to the REF pin, TI recommends using an input resistor <10 k Ω to provide I_{REF}

9.2.1.2.3 Output Voltage and Logic Input Level

For the TL43x-Q1 to properly be used as a comparator, the logic output must be readable by the receiving logic device. This is accomplished by knowing the input high and low level threshold voltage levels, typically denoted by V_{IH} and V_{IL} .

As seen in Figure 26, the TL43x-Q1's output low level voltage in open-loop or comparator mode is approximately 2 V, which is typically sufficient for 5-V supplied logic. However, would not work for 3.3-V and 1.8-V supplied logic. To accommodate this a resistive divider can be tied to the output to attenuate the output voltage to a voltage legible to the receiving low voltage logic device.

The TL43x-Q1's output high voltage is equal to V_{SUP} due to the TL43x-Q1 being open-collector. If V_{SUP} is much higher than the receiving logic's maximum input voltage tolerance, the output must be attenuated to accommodate the outgoing logic's reliability.

When using a resistive divider on the output, ensure the sum of the resistive divider (R1 and R2 in Figure 24) is much greater than R_{SUP} to not interfere with the TL43x-Q1's ability to pull close to V_{SUP} when turning off.



9.2.1.2.4 Input Resistance

In this application, the TL43x-Q1 requires an input resistance in addition to the reference current (I_{REF}) to ensure the device is in the proper operating regions while turning on. The actual voltage seen at the REF pin is $V_{REF} = V_{IN} - I_{REF} \times R_{IN}$. Because I_{REF} can be as high as 4 μ A, TI recommends using a resistance small enough to mitigate the error that I_{REF} creates from V_{IN} .

9.2.1.2.5 Deviation Parameters and Calculating Dynamic Impedance

The deviation parameters, $V_{I(DEV)}$ and $I_{I(DEV)}$, are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the recommended temperature range. The average full-range temperature coefficient of the reference voltage (α_{Vref}) is defined in Equation 1.

$$\left|\alpha_{v_{ref}}\right|\frac{ppm}{{}^{\circ}C} = \frac{\left(\frac{V_{l(dev)}}{V_{ref}^{at \ 25^{\circ}C}}\right) x \ 10^{6}}{\Delta T_{A}} \qquad \qquad \text{Maximum } v_{ref}$$

where

ΔT_A is the recommended operating free-air temperature range of the device

 α_{Vref} can be positive or negative, depending on whether minimum V_{REF} or maximum V_{REF} , respectively, occurs at the lower temperature.

Example:

Maximum V_{REF} = 2496 mV at 30°C, minimum V_{REF} = 2492 mV at 0°C, V_{REF} = 2495 mV at 25°C, ΔT_A = 70°C for TI 43x

$$\left|\alpha_{V_{ref}}\right| = \frac{\left(\frac{4 \text{ mV}}{2495 \text{ mV}}\right) \times 10^6}{70^{\circ} \text{C}} \approx \frac{23 \text{ ppm}}{^{\circ} \text{C}}$$
(2)

Because minimum V_{REF} occurs at the lower temperature, the coefficient is positive.

The dynamic impedance is defined as $|Z_{KA}| = \Delta V_{KA} / \Delta I_{KA}$.

When the device is operating with two external resistors, see Figure 21, the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by Equation 3.

$$\left|z'\right| = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta I} \approx \left|Z_{KA}\right| \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
 (3)

9.2.1.3 Application Curve

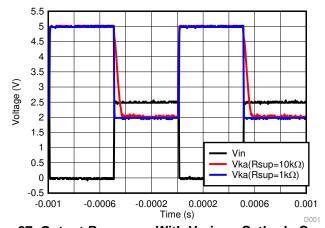


Figure 27. Output Response With Various Cathode Currents

Copyright © 2005–2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated

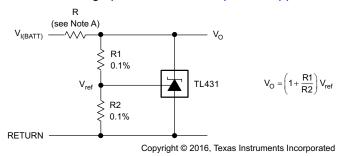
Submit Documentation Feedback

(1)



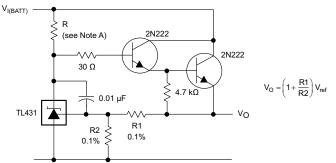
9.2.2 Other Application Circuits

Figure 28 to Figure 40 show application circuit examples using the TL431-Q1 device. Customers must fully validate and test any circuit before implementing a design based on an example in this section. Unless otherwise noted, the design procedures in *Comparator Application* are applicable.



A. R must provide cathode current \geq 1 mA to the TL431-Q1 at minimum $V_{I(BATT)}$.

Figure 28. Shunt Regulator



A. R must provide cathode current ≥1 mA to the TL431-Q1 at minimum V_{I(BATT)}.

Figure 30. Precision High-Current Series Regulator

Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

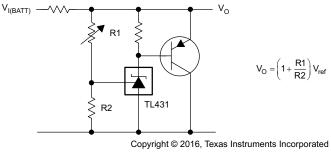
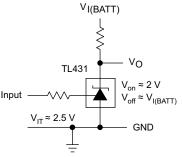
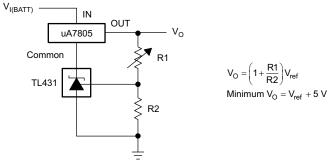


Figure 32. High-Current Shunt Regulator



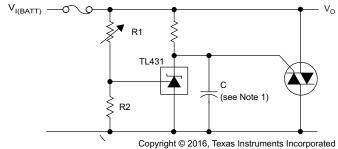
Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Figure 29. Single-Supply Comparator with Temperature-Compensated Threshold



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

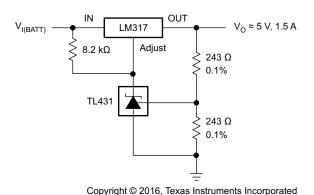
Figure 31. Output Control of a Three-Terminal Fixed Regulator



(1) See Figure 12 and Figure 13 to determine allowable values for C.

Figure 33. Crowbar Circuit





E' 04 D '' EV 4 E 4 D | 1 4

Figure 34. Precision 5-V, 1.5-A Regulator

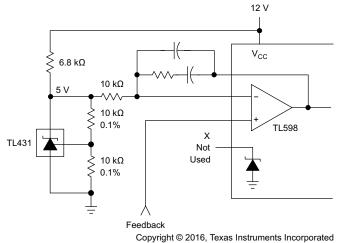


Figure 36. PWM Converter with Reference

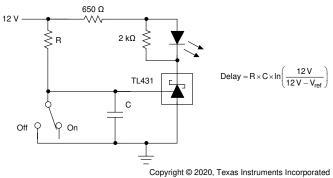
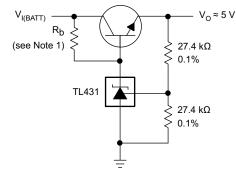


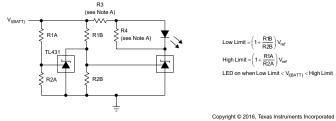
Figure 38. Delay Timer



Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

(1) R_b must provide cathode current ≥1 mA to the TL431-Q1.

Figure 35. Efficient 5-V Precision Regulator



A. R3 and R4 are selected to provide the desired LED intensity and cathode current \geq 1 mA to the TL431-Q1 at the available V_{I(BATT)}.

Figure 37. Voltage Monitor

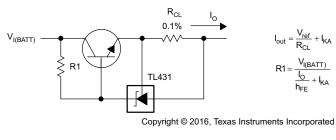
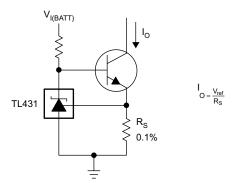


Figure 39. Precision Current Limiter





Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Figure 40. Precision Constant-Current Sink

10 Power Supply Recommendations

When using the TL43x-Q1 as a linear regulator to supply a load, designers typically use a bypass capacitor on the output or cathode pin. When doing this, be sure that the capacitance is within the stability criteria shown in Figure 12 and Figure 13.

To not exceed the maximum cathode current, be sure that the supply voltage is current limited. Also, be sure to limit the current being driven into the REF pin, as not to exceed its absolute maximum rating.

For applications shunting high currents, pay attention to the cathode and anode trace lengths, adjusting the width of the traces to have the proper current density.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Bypass capacitors must be placed as close to the device as possible. Current-carrying traces must have widths appropriate for the amount of current they are carrying; in the case of the TL43x-Q1, these currents are low.

11.2 Layout Example

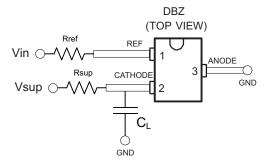


Figure 41. DBZ Layout Example

Product Folder Links: TL431-Q1 TL432-Q1

ubmit Documentation Feedback



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Automotive LED Lighting with Adjustable Shunt References
- Understanding Stability Boundary Conditions Charts in TL431, TL432 Data Sheet
- Setting the Shunt Voltage on an Adjustable Shunt Regulator

12.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 2. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TL431-Q1	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TL432-Q1	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TL431LI-Q1	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TL432LI-Q1	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

12.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.4 Community Resources

TI E2E™ support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

12.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

www.ti.com 7-Oct-2025

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/	MSL rating/	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	Ball material	Peak reflow		(6)
TL431AQDBVRQ1	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	(5) Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TACQ
TL431AQDBVRQ1.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TACQ
TL431AQDBVRQ1G4	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TACQ
TL431AQDBVRQ1G4.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 5	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TACQ
TL431AQDBZRQ1	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TAQU
TL431AQDBZRQ1.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TAQU
TL431BQDBZRQ1	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T3FU
TL431BQDBZRQ1.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	T3FU
TL432AQDBZRQ1	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TOIQ
TL432AQDBZRQ1.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TOIQ
TL432BQDBZRQ1	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TOHQ
TL432BQDBZRQ1.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBZ) 3	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	TOHQ

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 7-Oct-2025

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TL431-Q1, TL432-Q1:

Catalog: TL431, TL432

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

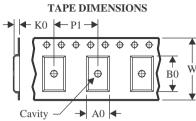
Catalog - TI's standard catalog product



www.ti.com 3-Apr-2025

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TL431AQDBVRQ1	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL431AQDBVRQ1G4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL431AQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	8.4	2.9	3.35	1.35	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL431AQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	179.0	8.4	3.15	2.95	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL431BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	8.4	2.9	3.35	1.35	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL431BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	179.0	8.4	3.15	2.95	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL432AQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	8.4	2.9	3.35	1.35	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL432BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	179.0	8.4	3.15	2.95	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TL432BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	8.4	2.9	3.35	1.35	4.0	8.0	Q3



www.ti.com 3-Apr-2025



*All dimensions are nominal

7 ili dilliciololio die fiorilliai							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TL431AQDBVRQ1	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TL431AQDBVRQ1G4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TL431AQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TL431AQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TL431BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TL431BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TL432AQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TL432BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TL432BQDBZRQ1	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0





NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 Reference JEDEC registration TO-236, except minimum foot length.

- 4. Support pin may differ or may not be present.
- 5. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25mm per side





NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

- 4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.





NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2025. Texas Instruments Incorporated